

FOREIGN RESIDENT CAPITAL GAINS WITHHOLDING REGIME

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WHAT IS THE REGIME?



- A non-final withholding obligation for acquirers of 'taxable Australian property' of \$2 million or more from 'foreign residents'
- Purchaser must withhold and pay to ATO 10% of purchase price
- Contracts entered into after 1 July 2016





WHAT IS THE REGIME? (cont'd)



- All vendors are automatically deemed to be a 'foreign resident' even 'Australian residents'
- Some exceptions apply
- Clearance certificates, vendor declarations and variations





WHICH ASSETS ARE CAPTURED?



- Taxable Australian Real Property (TARP):
 - real property situated in Australia (including a lease);
 - a mining, quarrying or prospecting right where the material is situated in Australia
- Indirect Australian real property interest (IARPI):
 - Non-portfolio share holdings in entities whose assets are predominantly land
- Option or right to acquire TARP or IARPI
- 'Purchase price' (first element of the CGT asset's cost base just after acquisition) of \$2 million or more





EXCEPTIONS



- Market value = under \$2 million (based on the purchase price in an arm's length transaction);
- Approved stock exchange or through a crossing system;
- Subject to another withholding obligation;
- Securities lending arrangements; or
- Vendor subject to formal insolvency, external administration or bankruptcy proceedings





WHO IS A FOREIGN RESIDENT?



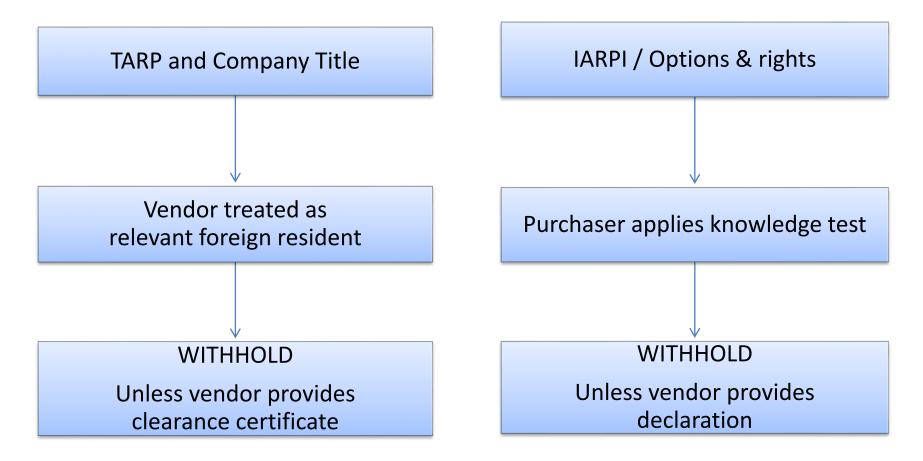
- All vendors of TARP or IARPI the holding of which causes a company title interest – vendor treated as a foreign resident
- For IARPI and options and rights purchaser applies knowledge test:
 - You know or reasonably believe that the entity is a foreign resident; or
 - You do not reasonably believe that the entity is an Australian resident, and either:
 - · The entity has an address outside Australia; or
 - · You are authorised to provide a related financial benefit to a place outside Australia





WHO IS A FOREIGN RESIDENT? (cont'd)







CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE



- For TARP, in order to receive 100% of the purchase price, vendor must provide purchaser with a clearance certificate
- Clearance certificate confirms vendor's Australian residency status



- Application must be made to the ATO provide TFN, residency status and details of the acquisition
- Apply at any time during process of selling property
- Valid for 12 months
- Apply here → https://www.ato.gov.au/FRWT_Certificate.aspx



VENDOR DECLARATION



- For assets other than TARP, vendor can provide purchaser with a vendor declaration
- If provided before settlement, purchaser not required to withhold 10%
- 2 types of declarations:
 - Vendor is an Australian resident; and
 - Asset being disposed of is not an IARPI
- Valid for 6 months



VARIATION



- Variation to lower the withholding rate (includes a variation to nil)
- Can be applied for where the 10% withholding rate is inappropriate
- Vendor must provide relevant evidence substantiating the claim
- ATO assesses applications on a case-by-case basis
- Apply here → https://www.ato.gov.au/frcgw_variation.aspx



PAYING AND REPORTING WITHHOLDING AMOUNTS



- Where the withholding obligation exists, purchaser must pay the withholding amount (10% of purchase price) to the ATO at settlement
- Purchaser also completes a 'Purchaser Remittance Form'
- Vendor claims a credit from the ATO upon lodging tax return
- Penalty for non-compliance becomes purchaser's problem





POTENTIAL ISSUES



- Time taken to obtain clearance certificate
- Non-arm's length transactions
- Amount paid to creditor insufficient to discharge mortgage or other security interest



- \$0 consideration (e.g. transfers due to Family Court order or transmission of assets of deceased estate)
- ATO audit/investigation triggered







THANK YOU

